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Copenhagen, March 13.

IT is reported here, That a new Alliance is concluded between this Crown and the French King, by which it's said his Most Christian Majesty is obliged to pay the King of *Denmark* 800 thousand Crowns yearly, and 100 thousand at present, and that in consideration thereof the King of *Denmark* is to have on Foot an Army of 24000 Men, and a Fleet of 30 Ships at Sea this Summer; and that in case the States of the *United Provinces* shall send a Fleet into the *Baltick*, to joyn the *Swedes*, his Most Christian Majesty is to send 20 Ships to assist the Danes, or to furnish Money to fit out such a number of Ships here. The King of *Denmark* has resolved to part from hence, the Week after *Easter*, and to go and pass most of the Summer at *Glucksstadt*, whither he has commanded all his General Officers to follow him.

Vienna, March 14. Two days since arrived here an Express with Letters from Count *Wallastain*, the Emperor's Ambassador at *Warsaw* wherein, as we are informed, he gives his Imperial Majesty an account of several Conferences he has had with the Ministers of that Court, and of the good Success of them, and that the Dyet has resolved to raise a Body of Men, which if there be occasion, are to assist his Imperial Majesty against the Turks. On Friday last an Order of the Emperor was Published here, by which every House in the Country, within the distance therein expressed, is to send a Man to Work for two Months on the Fortifications of this City. We are told, That 200000 Crowns are remitted hither from *Rome*, to be employed in the Preparations for the approaching Campagne. By an Express arrived from the Island *Schutz*, we have advice, That 2000 Turks, half whereof were Janizaries, having Marched from *Newheusel* with a design to fall into the Island *Schutz*, they passed the *Danube* by the help of a Ponton, the eighth Instant about two in the Morning; That the Janizaries had Posted themselves near that River to secure the retreat of the rest, who Marched on, and Plundered and Burnt a Village called *Aronyost*, and took about 100 Prisoners, greatest part of them being Women and Children, and near 200 Head of Cattel. In the mean time the Imperialists that were Quartered at *Gutta*, in the said Island, took the Alarm, and thereupon Colonel *Castelli* immediately marched out with 120 Dragoons, and having joyned 180 Horse of *Merci*'s Regiment, and a Party of Heydukes and Hussars, which happened to be abroad, followed after the Enemy, who he heard were gone from *Aronyost* to *Wiswar*, where the Imperialists came upon them, being Incumbred with their Booty: The Turks put themselves into the best posture they could, to receive them, but did not stand very long, for after the first Charge they made haste to retreat towards the *Danube*: the Imperialists followed them close, and killed and took Prisoners many of those that were left in the Rear, but being come to the *Danube*, the Janizaries, that had stayed there, very seasonably relieved their Companions, and charging the Heydukes and Hussars, killed several of them, and made them give way in some disorder; but these rallying again together with the Horse and the Dragoons, returned upon the Enemy, and forced them to repass the River in much Confusion, leaving behind them, not only the Prisoners and the Cattel they had taken at *Aronyost*, but between 30 and 40 of their own Men, (besides the Slain) who fell into the hands of the Imperialists, among which are, as is said, the Son of a Bassa, and some other considerable Men among the Turks, who offer very great Ransoms for their Liberty; The Imperialists took likewise a great many Horses, and very rich Furniture; they had on their side 13 Men killed, and 10 wounded. We have advice from *Hungary*, That the Mufti was arrived at *Adrianople*, upon the Orders he had received to follow the Grand-Signior into the Field. The Truce between the Imperialists and Count *Teckeley* is further observed.

Vienna, March 18. The 16th Instant arrived here an Express from *Warsaw*, who it's said brought an account that Count *Wallastain*, the Emperor's Ambassador there, had concluded a Defensive Alliance between His Imperial Majesty and the Crown of *Poland*: We are told, That by this Treaty the Emperor is to pay presently 300 thousand Gilders to the King of *Poland*, and that that King is to have an Army of 30000 Men in the Field, in the Month of *May*, to assist the Emperor against the Turks; and besides this, that the Chevalier *de Lubomirski* has leave to raise 4000 Polish Horse for the Emperors Service. The Emperor has received Letters from the Baron *de Sponara*, whom his Imperial Majesty sent lately to Count *Teckeley*, wherein, as we are informed, he gives an account of his arrival at *Caschaw*, and that Count *Teckeley* had assured him, That he would punctually observe the Truce, and that he had permitted Provisions to be carried to *Zatmar*, and other places in which are Imperial Garisons, in *Upper-Hungary*. The Bassa of *Newheusel* is greatly enraged at the ill Success of the late Invasion into the Island *Schutz*, and has sent a Letter to Colonel *Castelli*, threatning a Revenge; The said Colonel arrived here this day, bringing with him the Son of the under-Bassa of *Newheusel*, a Youth of twenty Years, who was taken Prisoner, and the Head of another considerable Turk, who offered 4000 Crowns for his Life, but was notwithstanding killed by the Hussars in their Fury; The Son of the Bassa of *Newheusel* had his Horse killed under him, and escaped himself very narrowly. Besides this action in the Island

Schutz,